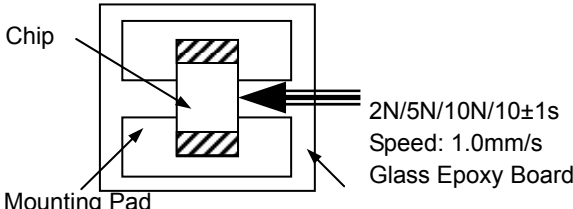
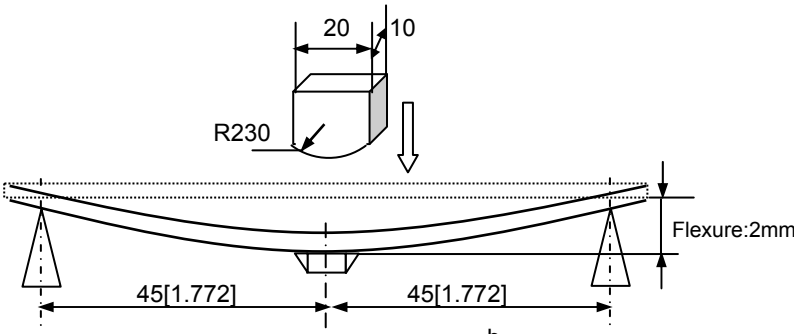
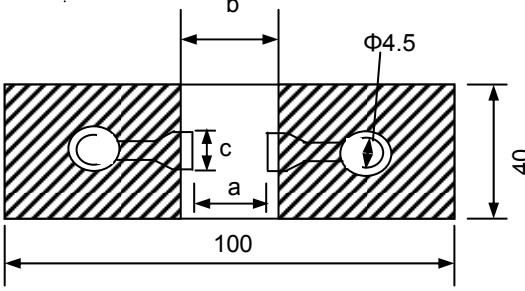


RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

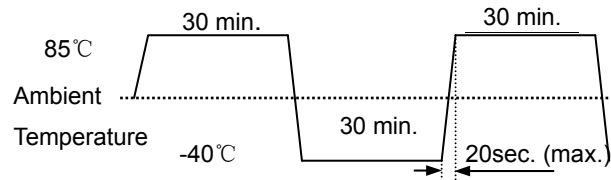
Multilayer Chip Inductor (SDFL Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks																								
1. Operating Temperature Range		-40°C to +85°C																								
2. Storage Temperature Range		-40°C to +85°C																								
3. Terminal Strength	No removal or split of the termination or other defects shall occur.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown as the following figure) using eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow. ② 2N force for 0603 ③ 5N force for 1005 and 1608 series. ④ 10N force for 2012 and 3216 series. ⑤ Keep time: 10±1s 																								
4. Resistance to Flexure	No visible mechanical damage.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Solder the inductor to the test jig (glass epoxy board) using a eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow shown as the following figure. ② Flexure: 2mm ③ Pressurizing Speed: 0.5mm/sec ④ Keep time: ≥30 sec  Unit: mm [inch] <table border="1" data-bbox="395 1612 774 1789"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0603[0201]</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>0.3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1005[0402]</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1608[0603]</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>3.0</td> <td>1.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2012[0805]</td> <td>1.2</td> <td>4.0</td> <td>1.65</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3216[1206]</td> <td>2.2</td> <td>5.0</td> <td>2.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> 	Type	a	b	c	0603[0201]	0.25	0.8	0.3	1005[0402]	0.4	1.5	0.5	1608[0603]	1.0	3.0	1.2	2012[0805]	1.2	4.0	1.65	3216[1206]	2.2	5.0	2.0
Type	a	b	c																							
0603[0201]	0.25	0.8	0.3																							
1005[0402]	0.4	1.5	0.5																							
1608[0603]	1.0	3.0	1.2																							
2012[0805]	1.2	4.0	1.65																							
3216[1206]	2.2	5.0	2.0																							

RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Inductor (SDFL Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
5. Vibration	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	① Solder the inductor to the testing jig using eutectic solder. ② The inductor shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having total amplitude of 1.5 mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55 Hz. ③ The frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz and return to 10 Hz shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).
6. Dropping	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	Drop chip inductor 10 times on a concrete floor from a height of 100 cm.
7. Temperature	Inductance change should be within $\pm 10\%$ of initial value measuring at 20°C.	Temperature range: -40°C to +85°C Reference temperature: +20°C
8. Solderability	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Wetting shall exceed 95% coverage.	① Solder temperature: 240 \pm 2°C ② Duration: 3 sec. ③ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ④ Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight
9. Resistance to Soldering Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Wetting shall exceed 95% coverage. ③ Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ④ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	① Solder temperature: 260 \pm 3°C ② Duration: 5 sec ③ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ④ Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
10. Thermal Shock	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	① Temperature and time: -40°C for 30 \pm 3 min \rightarrow 85°C for 30 \pm 3min ② Transforming interval: Max.20 sec ③ Tested cycle: 100 cycles ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.



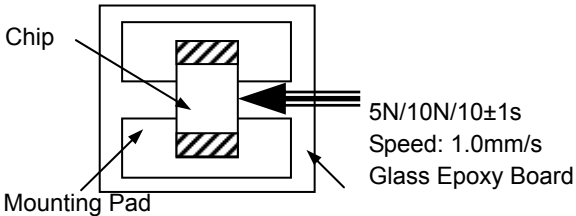
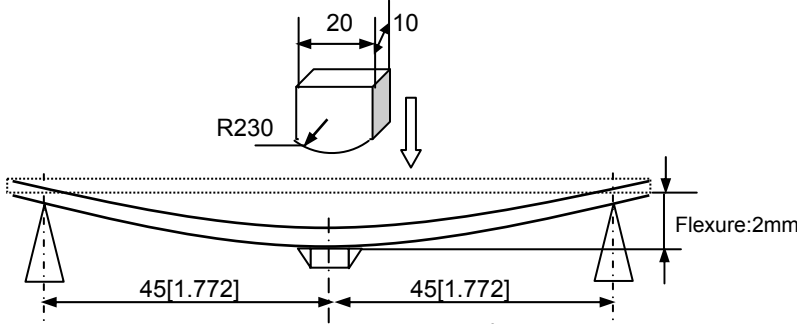
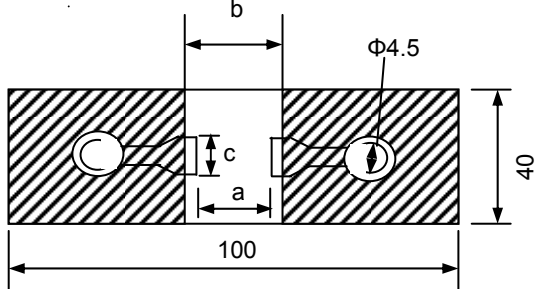
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Inductor (SDFL Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
11. Resistance to Low Temperature	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	① Temperature: $-40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
12. Resistance to High Temperature	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	① Temperature: $85\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
13. Damp Heat (Steady States)	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ③ Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
14. Loading Under Damp Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ for inductance $\leq 12\mu\text{H}$, Within $\pm 15\%$ for inductance $\geq 15\mu\text{H}$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ③ Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ④ Applied current: Rated current ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
15. Loading at High Temperature (Life Test)	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ for inductance $\leq 12\mu\text{H}$, Within $\pm 15\%$ for inductance $\geq 15\mu\text{H}$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 30\%$.	① Temperature: $85\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ③ Applied current: Rated current ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.

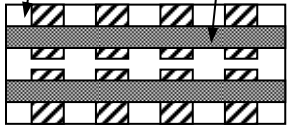
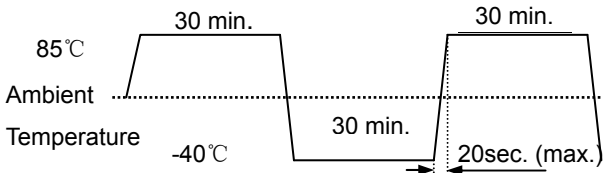
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Inductor for Choke (MCL Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks												
1. Operating Temperature Range		-40°C to +85°C												
2. Storage Temperature Range		-40°C to +85°C												
3. Terminal Strength	No removal or split of the termination or other defects shall occur.	<p>① Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown as the following figure) using eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow.</p> <p>② 5N force for 1608 series, 10N force for 2012 series.</p> <p>③ Keep time: 10±1s</p> <p>④ Speed: 1.0mm/s.</p> 												
4. Resistance to Flexure	No visible mechanical damage.	<p>① Solder the inductor to the test jig (glass epoxy board) using a eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow shown as the following figure.</p> <p>② Flexure: 2mm</p> <p>③ Pressurizing Speed: 0.5mm/sec</p> <p>④ Keep time: ≥30 sec</p>  <div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>Unit: mm [inch]</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="395 1569 778 1664"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1608[0603]</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>3.0</td> <td>1.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2012[0805]</td> <td>1.2</td> <td>4.0</td> <td>1.65</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div> <div>  </div> </div>	Type	a	b	c	1608[0603]	1.0	3.0	1.2	2012[0805]	1.2	4.0	1.65
Type	a	b	c											
1608[0603]	1.0	3.0	1.2											
2012[0805]	1.2	4.0	1.65											

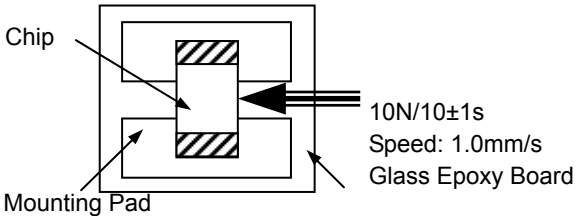
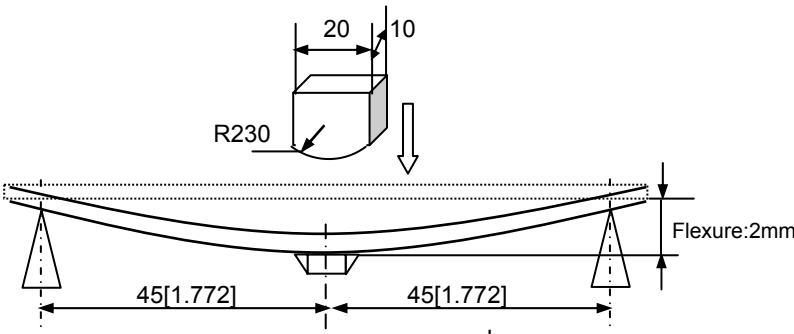
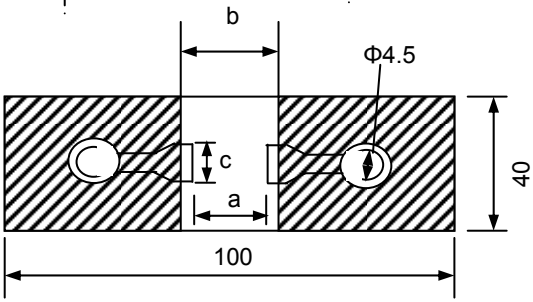
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Inductor for Choke (MCL Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
5. Vibration	① No visible mechanical damage. 	① Solder the inductor to the testing jig using eutectic solder. ② The inductor shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having total amplitude of 1.5 mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55 Hz. ③ The frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz and return to 10 Hz shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).
6. Temperature	① Inductance change should be within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value measuring at 20°C .	① Temperature range: -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ Reference temperature: $+20^\circ\text{C}$
7. Solderability	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Wetting shall exceed 95% coverage.	① Solder temperature: $240\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 3 sec. ③ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ④ Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight
8. Resistance to Soldering Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Wetting shall exceed 95% coverage. ③ Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Solder temperature: $260\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 5 sec ③ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ④ Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
9. Thermal Shock	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature and time: -40°C for 30 ± 3 min \rightarrow 85°C for 30 ± 3 min ② Transforming interval: Max. 20 sec ③ Tested cycle: 100 cycles ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring. 
10. Resistance to Low Temperature	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $-40\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours. ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
11. Loading Under Damp Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ③ Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ④ Applied current: Rated current ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
12. Loading at High Temperature (Life Test)	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $85\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ③ Applied current: Rated current ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.

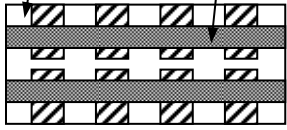
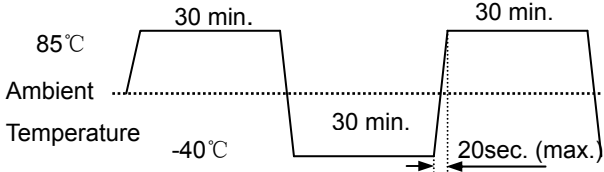
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Power Inductor (MPH/MPM Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks																								
1. Operating Temperature Range		MPH Series:-40°C to +85°C MPM Series:-40°C to +1255°C																								
2. Storage Temperature Range		MPH Series:-40°C to +85°C MPM Series:-40°C to +1255°C																								
3. Terminal Strength	No removal or split of the termination or other defects shall occur.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown as the following figure) using eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow. 10N force for MPH/MPM series. Keep time: 10±1s Speed: 1.0mm/s. 																								
4. Resistance to Flexure	No visible mechanical damage.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the test jig (glass epoxy board) using a eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow shown as the following figure. Flexure: 2mm Pressurizing Speed: 0.5mm/sec Keep time: ≥30 sec   Unit: mm [inch] <table border="1" data-bbox="395 1569 774 1763"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1608[0603]</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>3.0</td> <td>1.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2012[0805]</td> <td>1.2</td> <td>4.0</td> <td>1.65</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2016[0806]</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>2.4</td> <td>1.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2520[1008]</td> <td>1.3</td> <td>3.0</td> <td>1.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>201206</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>2.4</td> <td>1.4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	a	b	c	1608[0603]	1.0	3.0	1.2	2012[0805]	1.2	4.0	1.65	2016[0806]	0.8	2.4	1.4	2520[1008]	1.3	3.0	1.8	201206	0.8	2.4	1.4
Type	a	b	c																							
1608[0603]	1.0	3.0	1.2																							
2012[0805]	1.2	4.0	1.65																							
2016[0806]	0.8	2.4	1.4																							
2520[1008]	1.3	3.0	1.8																							
201206	0.8	2.4	1.4																							

RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Power Inductor (MPH/MPM Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
5. Vibration	① No visible mechanical damage. 	① Solder the inductor to the testing jig using eutectic solder. ② The inductor shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having total amplitude of 1.5 mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55 Hz. ③ The frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz and return to 10 Hz shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).
6. Dropping	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	Drop chip inductor 10 times on a concrete floor from a height of 100 cm.
7. Temperature	① Inductance change should be within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value measuring at 20°C .	① MPH series Temperature range: -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ MPM series Temperature range: -40°C ~ $+125^\circ\text{C}$ Reference temperature: $+20^\circ\text{C}$
8. Solderability	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Wetting shall exceed 95% coverage.	① Solder temperature: $240 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 3 sec. ③ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ④ Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight
9. Resistance to Soldering Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Wetting shall exceed 95% coverage. ③ Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Solder temperature: $260 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 5 sec ③ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ④ Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
10. Thermal Shock	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature and time: -40°C for 30 ± 3 min \rightarrow 85°C for 30 ± 3 min ② Transforming interval: Max. 20 sec ③ Tested cycle: 100 cycles ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring. 
11. Resistance to Low Temperature	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $-40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours. ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
12. Resistance to High Temperature	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $85 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours. ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
13. Damp Heat (Steady States)	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95% RH. ③ Duration: 1000^{+24} hours. ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.

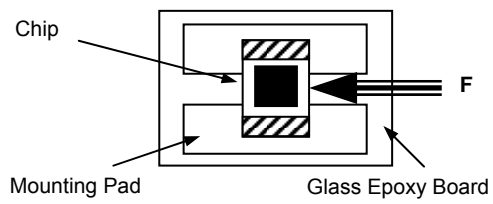
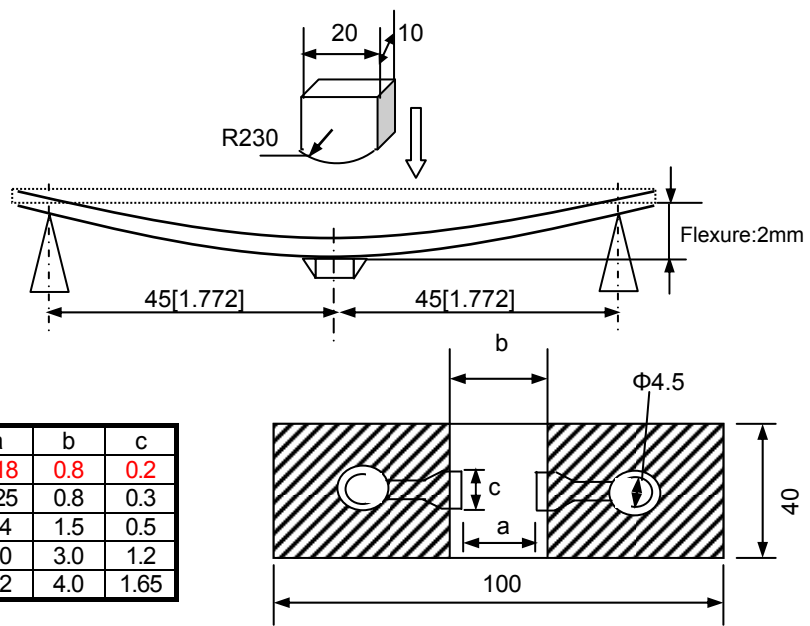
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Power Inductor (MPM Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
14. Loading Under Damp Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95% RH. ③ Duration: 1000+24 hours. ④ Applied current: Rated current. ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
15. Loading at High Temperature (Life Test)	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $125 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000+24 hours. ③ Applied current: Rated current. ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.

RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Inductor (SDCL/SDHL/HQ/MSDCL/SDCL0603Q_02 Series)

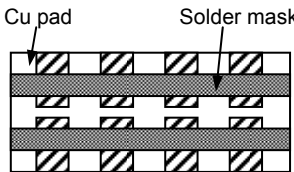
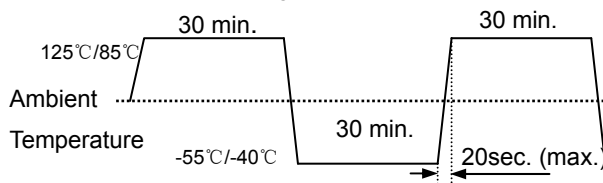
Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
1. Operating Temperature Range	0402/0603/1005 series: -55°C to +125°C 1608/2012 series: -40°C to +85°C	
2. Storage Temperature Range	0402/0603/1005 series: -55°C to +125°C 1608/2012 series: -40°C to +85°C	
3. Terminal Strength	No removal or split of the termination or other defects shall occur.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown as the following figure) using eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow. 1N force for SDCL0402H-01 series. 2N force for 0603 series. 5N force for 1005 and 1608 series. 10N force for 2012 series. Keep time: 10±1s Speed: 1.0mm/s. 
4. Resistance to Flexure	No visible mechanical damage.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the test jig (glass epoxy board) using a eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow shown as the following figure. Flexure: 2mm Pressurizing Speed: 0.5mm/sec Keep time: ≥30 sec 

Unit: mm [inch]

Type	a	b	c
0402[01005]	0.18	0.8	0.2
0603[0201]	0.25	0.8	0.3
1005[0402]	0.4	1.5	0.5
1608[0603]	1.0	3.0	1.2
2012[0805]	1.2	4.0	1.65

RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Inductor (SDCL/SDHL/HQ/MSDCL/SDCL0603Q_02 Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
5. Vibration	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$. 	① Solder the inductor to the testing jig using eutectic solder. ② The inductor shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having total amplitude of 1.5 mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55 Hz. ③ The frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz and return to 10 Hz shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).
6. Dropping	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	Drop chip inductor 10 times on a concrete floor from a height of 100 cm.
7. Temperature	Inductance change should be within $\pm 10\%$ of initial value measuring at 20°C.	Temperature range: 0402/0603/1005 series: -55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ 1608/2012 series: -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Reference temperature: $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$
8. Solderability	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Wetting shall exceed 75% coverage for 0603 series; exceed 95% for others.	① Solder temperature: $240 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: 3 sec. ③ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ④ Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight
9. Resistance to Soldering Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Wetting shall exceed 75% coverage for 0402/0603 series; exceed 95% for others. ③ Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ④ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Solder temperature: $260 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: 5 sec ③ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ④ Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
10. Thermal Shock	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature and time: 1608/2012 series: -40°C for 30 ± 3 min \rightarrow 85°C for 30 ± 3 min 0402/0603/1005 series: -55°C for 30 ± 3 min \rightarrow 125°C for 30 ± 3 min ② Transforming interval: Max.20 sec ③ Tested cycle: 100 cycles ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring. 

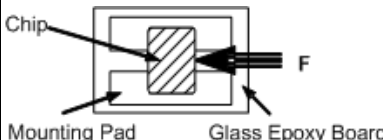
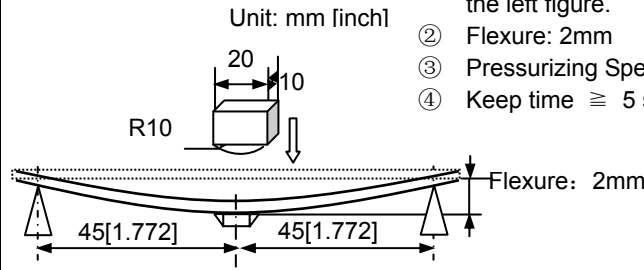
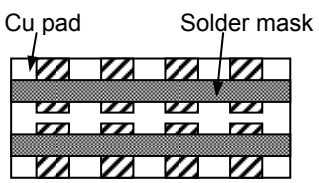
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Multilayer Chip Inductor (SDCL/SDHL/HQ/MSDCL/SDCL0603Q_02 Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
11. Resistance to Low Temperature	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: 0402/0603/1005 series: $-55\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ 1608/2012 series: $-40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ② The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
12. Resistance to High Temperature	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: 0402/0603/1005 Series: $125\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ 1608/2012 Series: $85\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours. ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
13. Damp Heat (Steady States)	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ③ Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
14. Loading Under Damp Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ③ Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ④ Applied current: Rated current ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
15. Loading at High Temperature (Life Test)	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$. ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$.	① Temperature: 1608/2012 series: $85\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ 0402/0603/1005 series: $125\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000^{+24} hours ③ Applied current: Rated current ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.

RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Wire Wound Chip Ceramic Inductors (SDWL-C/SDWL-C-M/SDWL-CP/CH Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
1. Operating Temperature Range		-40°C to +125°C
2. Storage Temperature Range		-40°C to +125°C
3. Terminal Strength	<p>No removal or split of the termination or other defects shall occur.</p>  <p>Chip Mounting Pad Glass Epoxy Board</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown as the left figure.) Using eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow. 4N force for SDWL1005 series. 7N force for SDWL1608 series. 20N force for 2012, 2520, 3216, 3225 and 4532 series. Keep time: 10±1s Speed: 1.0 mm/s.
4. Resistance to Flexure	<p>No visible mechanical damage.</p>  <p>Unit: mm [inch]</p> <p>20 10 R10 45[1.772] 45[1.772] Flexure: 2mm</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the test jig. Using a eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction shown as the left figure. Flexure: 2mm Pressurizing Speed: 0.5mm/sec. Keep time ≥ 5 sec.
5. Vibration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> No visible mechanical damage. Inductance change: within ±5% Q factor change: within ±20%  <p>Cu pad Solder mask Glass Epoxy Board</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown in as the left figure.) Using eutectic solder. The inductor shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55 Hz. The frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz and return to 10 Hz shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours)
6. Dropping	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> No visible mechanical damage. Inductance change: within ±5% Q factor change: within ±20% 	Drop chip inductor 10 times on a concrete floor from a height of 100 cm.
7. Temperature coefficient	+50±100ppm/°C	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Between -40°C and +125°C with a reference value of +20°C
8. Solderability	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 90% or more of electrode area shall be coated by new solder for SDWL1005C/SDWL1608C series. 80% or more of electrode area shall be coated by new solder for other series. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Electrode of the coil shall be immersed in flux for 5 to 10 Seconds. The coil shall be immersed in solder bath at a temperature of 240±5°C, Duration for 3±0.5 seconds. Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight.

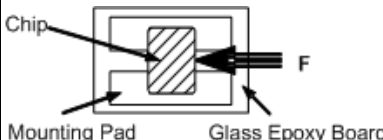
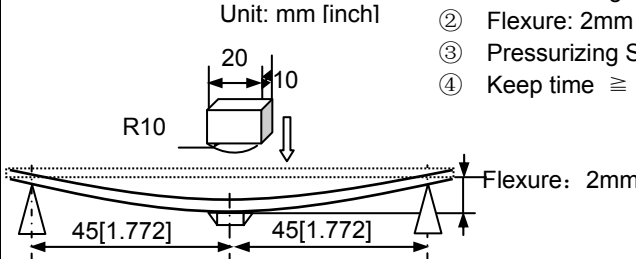
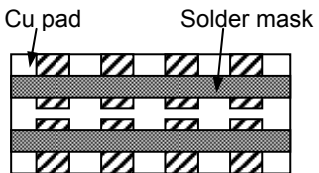
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Wire Wound Chip Ceramic Inductors (SDWL-C/SDWL-C-M/SDWL-CP/CH Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
9. Resistance to Soldering Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 5\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$	① Reflow soldering. ② The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring. ③ Please reference the Re-flowing Profile in Soldering and Notice for inductors (coils)
10. Thermal Shock	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 5\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$	① Temperature, Time: (see the left figure.). -40°C for 30±3 min → +125°C for 30±3min ② Transforming interval: 20 sec. (max.) ③ Tested cycle: 100 cycles ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
	<p>The diagram shows a thermal shock profile. It starts at a baseline temperature. The temperature rises to +125°C and is held for 30 minutes. Then, it drops to -40°C and is held for 30 minutes. The transition time between the two temperatures is 20 seconds (maximum). This cycle is repeated 100 times.</p>	
11. Resistance to Low Temperature	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 5\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$	① Temperature: $-40\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000 ⁺²⁴ hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
12. Resistance to High Temperature	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 5\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$	① Temperature: $125\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000 ⁺²⁴ hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
13. Damp Heat (Steady States)	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 5\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ② Duration: 1000 ⁺²⁴ hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
14. Loading Under Damp Heat	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 5\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ② Duration: 1000 ⁺²⁴ hours ③ Applied current: Rated current. ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
15. Loading at High Temperature (Life Test)	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 5\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$	① Temperature: $125\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ② Duration: 1000 ⁺²⁴ hours ③ Applied current: Rated current. ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.

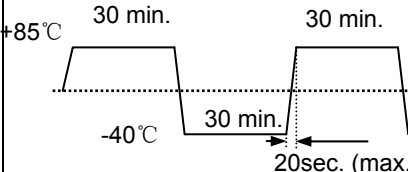
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Wire Wound Chip Ceramic Inductors (WL-FS/SDWL-FW Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
1. Operating Temperature Range		-40°C to +85°C
2. Storage Temperature Range		-40°C to +85°C
3. Terminal Strength	<p>No removal or split of the termination or other defects shall occur.</p>  <p>Chip Mounting Pad Glass Epoxy Board</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown in as the left figure.) Using eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow. 20N force for SDWL2012/2520/3216/3225 series Keep time: 10±1s Speed: 1.0 mm/s.
4. Resistance to Flexure	<p>No visible mechanical damage.</p>  <p>Unit: mm [inch] 20 10 R10 45[1.772] 45[1.772] Flexure: 2mm</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the test jig. Using a eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction shown as the left figure. Flexure: 2mm Pressurizing Speed: 0.5mm/sec. Keep time ≥ 5 sec.
5. Vibration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> No visible mechanical damage. Inductance change: within ±10% Q factor change: within ±20%  <p>Cu pad Solder mask Glass Epoxy Board</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown in as the left figure.) Using eutectic solder. The inductor shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55 Hz. The frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz and return to 10 Hz shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours)
6. Dropping	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> No visible mechanical damage. Inductance change: within ±10% Q factor change: within ±20% 	Drop chip inductor 10 times on a concrete floor from a height of 100 cm.
7. Temperature coefficient	+200±700ppm/°C	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Between -40°C and +85°C with a reference value of +20°C
8. Solderability	80% or more of electrode area shall be coated by new solder	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Electrode of the coil shall be immersed in flux for 5 to 10 Seconds. The coil shall be immersed in solder bath at a temperature of 240±5°C, Duration for 3±0.5 seconds. Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight.

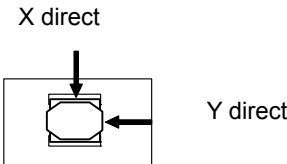
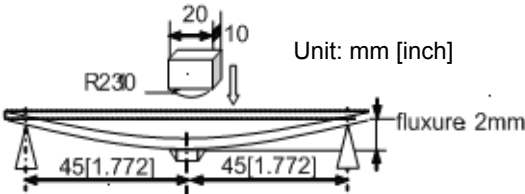
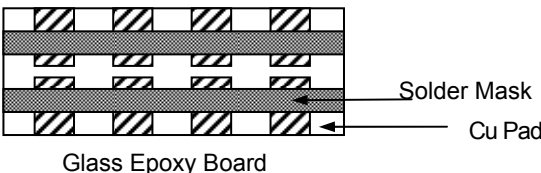
RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Wire Wound Chip Ceramic Inductors (SDWL-FW Series)

9. Resistance to Soldering Heat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Reflow soldering. ② The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring. ③ Please reference the Re-flowing Profile in Soldering and Notice for inductors (coils)
10. Thermal Shock	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Temperature, Time: (see the left figure.). -40°C for 30±3 min → +85°C for 30±3min ② Transforming interval: 20 sec. (max.) ③ Tested cycle: 100 cycles ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
11. Resistance to Low Temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Temperature: -40±2°C ② Duration: 48±2 hours. ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
12. Resistance to High Temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Temperature: 85±2°C ② Duration: 48±2 hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
13. Damp Heat (Steady States)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Temperature: 60±2°C, Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ② Duration: 240±4 hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
14. Loading Under Damp Heat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Temperature: 60±2°C, Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ② Duration: 96±4 hours ③ Applied current: Rated current. ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
15. Loading at High Temperature (Life Test)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ ③ Q factor change: Within $\pm 20\%$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Temperature: 85±2°C ② Duration: 1000⁺²⁴ hours ③ Applied current: Rated current. ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.

RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Power Inductors (SPH/SWPA Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
1. Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C (including self-heating)	
2. Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C	
3. Terminal Strength	No removal or split of the termination or other defects shall occur. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown as the left figure) using eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction of the arrow. ② 10N force for all series. ③ Keep time: 5s
4. Resistance to Flexure	No visible mechanical damage. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Solder the chip to the test jig (glass epoxy board as the left figure.) ② using eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction shown as the left figure. ③ Flexure: 2mm ④ Pressurizing Speed: 0.5mm/sec ⑤ Keep time: 30±1s ⑥ Test board size: 100X40X1.0 ⑦ Land dimension: See the Recommended Land Patterns.
5. Vibration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within ±10% 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Solder the chip to the testing jig (glass epoxy board shown as the left figure) using eutectic solder. ② The chip shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55 Hz. ③ The frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz and return to 10 Hz shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).
6. Temperature coefficient	Inductance change: within ±20%	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C ② with a reference value of +20°C, change rate shall be calculated
7. Solderability	90% or more of electrode area shall be coated by new solder.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> ① The test samples shall be dipped in flux, and then immersed in molten solder. ② Solder temperature: 245±5°C ③ Duration: 5±1 sec. ④ Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu ⑤ Flux: 25% resin and 75% ethanol in weight ⑥ Immersion depth: all sides of mounting terminal shall be immersed

RELIABILITY AND TEST CONDITIONS

Power Inductors (SPH/SWPA Series)

Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
8. Resistance to Soldering Heat	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$	① Re-flowing Profile: Please refer to Re-flowing Profile item. ② Test board thickness: 1.0mm ③ Test board material: glass epoxy resin ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring ⑤ Please reference the Re-flowing Profile in Soldering and Notice for inductors (coils)
9. Thermal Shock	① No visible mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$	① Temperature and time: $-40\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 30 ± 3 min \rightarrow 125°C for 30 ± 3 min ② Transforming interval: Max. 20 sec ③ Tested cycle: 100 cycles ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring
	<p>The diagram illustrates a thermal shock test profile. It shows a temperature cycle starting at 'Ambient' temperature, rising to 85°C and holding for 30 minutes. It then drops to -40°C and holds for 30 minutes. The transition between 85°C and -40°C is labeled as 20sec. (max.). This cycle is repeated, with another 30 min dwell at 85°C and another 30 min dwell at -40°C.</p>	
10. Resistance to Low Temperature	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$	① Temperature: $-40\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: $1000^{\pm 24}$ hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring
11. Resistance to High Temperature	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$	① Temperature: $125\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Duration: $1000^{\pm 24}$ hours ③ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring.
12. Damp Heat	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95%RH ③ Duration: $1000^{\pm 24}$ hours ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring
13. Loading Under Damp Heat	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$	① Temperature: $60\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Humidity: 90% to 95% RH ③ Applied current: Rated current ④ Duration: 1000 ± 24 hours ⑤ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring
14. Loading at High Temperature	① No mechanical damage. ② Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$	① Temperature: $85\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ② Applied current: Rated current ③ Duration: $1000^{\pm 24}$ hours ④ The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours before measuring